

Introductions

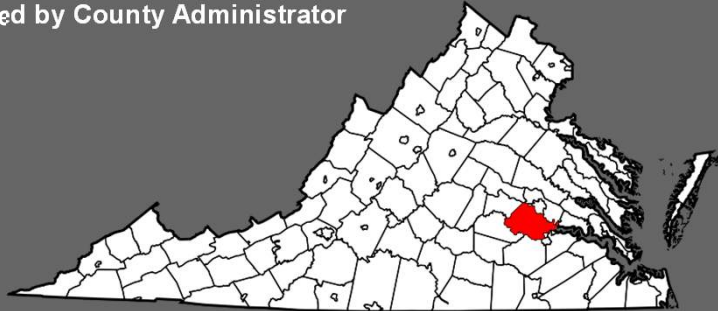
- Chesterfield County Transportation Department
 - Jesse Smith, P.E.
 - Stan Newcomb
- McCormick Taylor, Inc.
 - Rick DeLong, P.E.
 - Craig Krupp, P.E.





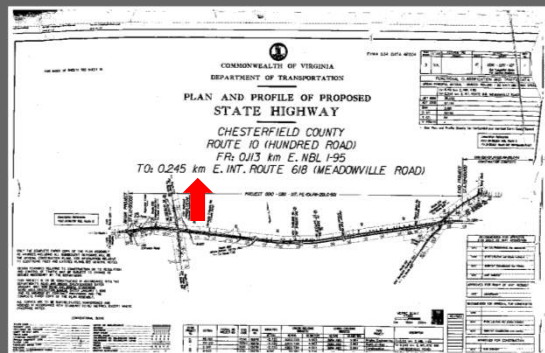
Chesterfield County

- Population – 316,000
- Third most populous county in Virginia
- Governed by Board of Supervisors
- Managed by County Administrator



Project History

- Originally designed as one project from I-95 to Meadowville
- VDOT/County agreement executed in 1997 (design only)
- CTB approved design on September 15, 1999





ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Project History

- Removed from SYIP due to lack of funding
- 2004 - County Bond Referendum to widen from I-95 to Ware Bottom Spring
- 2010 - VDOT/ARRA money added to county bond project
- 2014 – county administered project complete



ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Meadowville Technology Park

- Zoned by county BOS in 1996
- 1,500 acres
- 58,000 ADT at build-out
- Owned and managed by Chesterfield's EDA
- Home to Amazon, Capital One, Medline, Northrop Grumman, etc.





**ROUTE 10
SUPER STREET**



295/Meadowville Interchange

- County completed the design and acquired the right of way
- VDOT managed a design-build project to construct the interchange
- Completed in December 2011
- \$12.6M local, \$5M TPOF, \$4M Federal Demonstration funds, \$0.45M TCSP funds
- Recipient of 2013 Design-Build Merit Award through DBIA

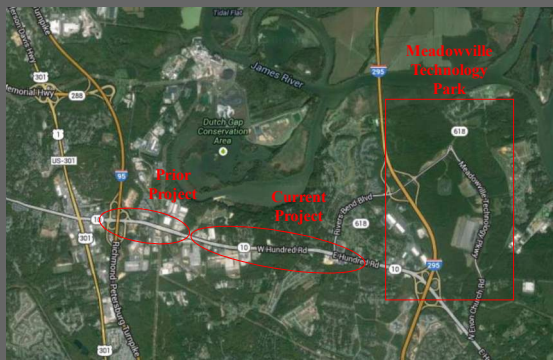


**ROUTE 10
SUPER STREET**



Project History

- Connection of Interstates
- 1999 Preliminary Design
- Meadowville Technology Park





ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET

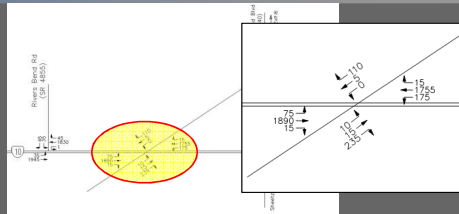


Project History

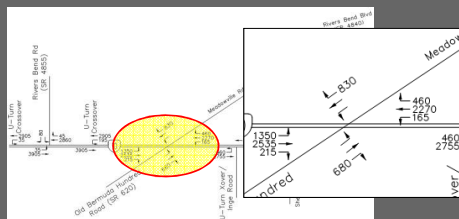
- Existing Conditions
- Existing vs. Projected Volumes
- Prof. Joseph Hummer & McCormick Taylor



Existing Conditions



2012 Existing AM Peak Hour



2036 Projected AM Peak Hour



ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Alternatives Analysis

- **Intersection Alternatives**
 - Conventional
 - Flyover
 - Continuous Flow Intersection
 - Superstreet
- **Evaluation Criteria**
 - Operation and Safety
 - Property Impacts
 - Access Management
 - Constructability
 - Cost



	Additional Costs over Conventional Dual Left Turn Intersection		
	CFI	Concept	
		Superstreet	Flyover
Roadway, Drainage, Grading	\$3,000,000	\$2,500,000	\$1,250,000
Traffic Signals	\$650,000	\$800,000	\$0
Structures	\$0	\$0	\$8,000,000
Right of Way	\$1,500,000	\$800,000	\$1,000,000
Total	\$5,150,000	\$4,100,000	\$10,250,000





Alternative Analysis

↳ Conventional Intersection

ROUTE 10 WIDENING INTERSECTION CONCEPTS
CONVENTIONAL

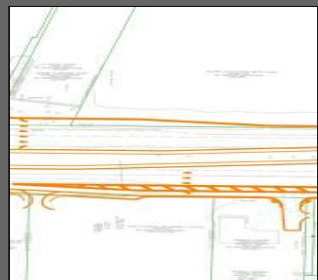
McCORMICK
TAYLOR

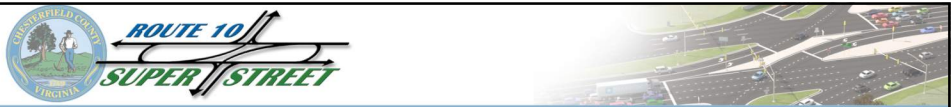


Alternative Analysis

↳ Conventional Intersection

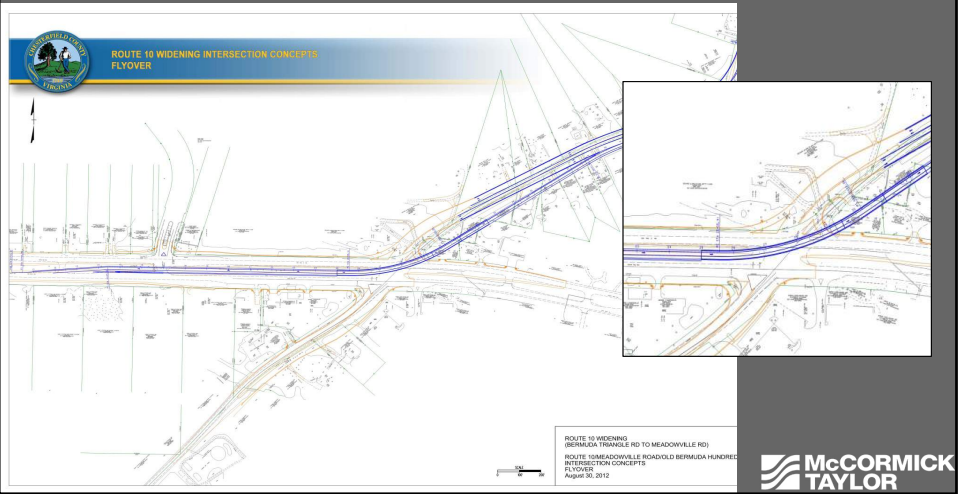
- **Advantages**
 - Lowest cost of all options
 - Maintains access to businesses
 - No learning curve for drivers
- **Disadvantages**
 - Level of service remains inadequate with anticipated growth





Alternative Analysis

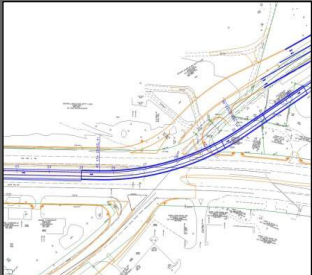
↳ Flyover



Alternative Analysis

↳ Flyover

- **Advantages**
 - No Signal to limit left turn movement
 - Construction can be funded when traffic demands require its completion
- **Disadvantages**
 - Up to 12 parcel impacts
 - Costly due to constructability issues and the bridge span length
 - Detours/temporary roadways will be required to complete construction
 - Does not eliminate most conflict points at the intersection
 - Constructability





Alternative Analysis

↳ Continuous Flow Intersection

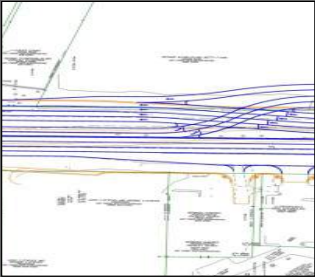
ROUTE 10 WIDENING INTERSECTION CONCEPTS
CONTINUOUS FLOW INTERSECTION (CFI)



Alternative Analysis

↳ Continuous Flow Intersection

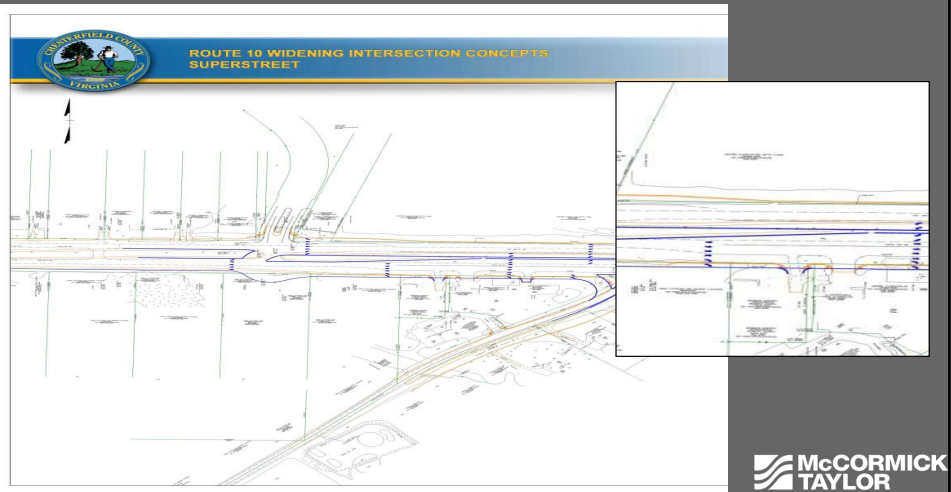
- **Advantages**
 - Improved capacity, reduced delay
- **Disadvantages**
 - Property access impacts in NE, SE and SW quadrants
 - Significant excavation on westbound side
 - Distance between eastern CFI crossover intersection and Rivers Bend Boulevard
 - Widening in the future is challenging
 - Difficult for pedestrians
 - Driver confusion
 - Constructability





Alternative Analysis

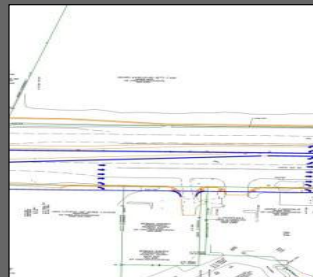
↳ Superstreet



Alternative Analysis

↳ Superstreet

- **Advantages**
 - Increased capacity and reduced delay, better traffic progression
 - Traffic signal has just 2 phases
 - Roughly the same footprint as the original intersection concept
 - Property access not as restricted as CFI concept
 - 18 conflict points compared to 32 with traditional intersection
 - Corridor expansion
- **Disadvantages**
 - Driver confusion
 - Minor street delays





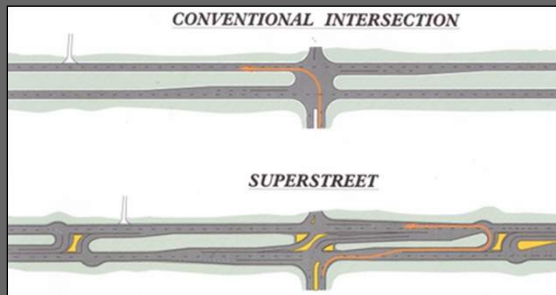
ROUTE 10
SUPER STREET



Superstreet Background

↳ *How Do They Work?*

- Eliminates Minor Street Lefts and Thrus
- Downstream U-turns (signalized if warranted)



**McCORMICK
TAYLOR**

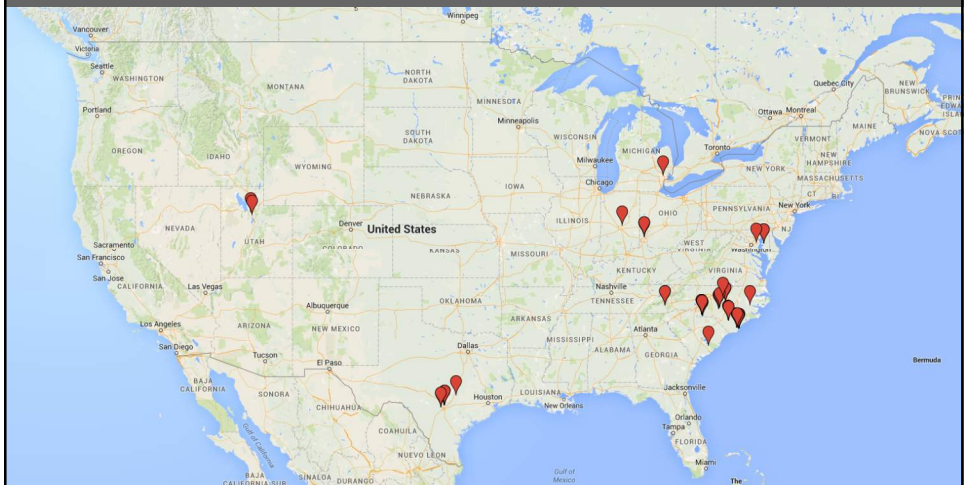



ROUTE 10
SUPER STREET



Superstreet Background

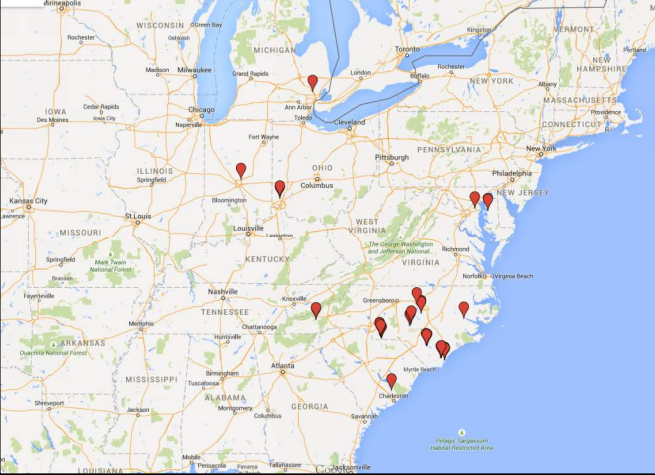
↳ *Where Are They?*






Superstreet Background

↳ *Where Are They?*



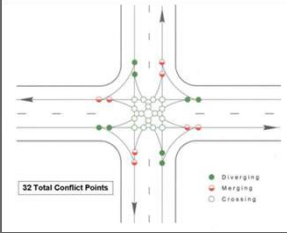
McCORMICK TAYLOR



Superstreet Design

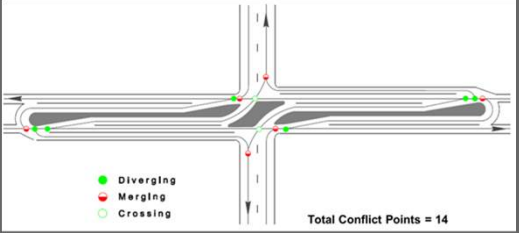
↳ *Traffic Engineering & Analysis*

- Reduced Conflict Points



32 Total Conflict Points

- Diverging
- Merging
- Crossing



Total Conflict Points = 14

- Diverging
- Merging
- Crossing

McCORMICK TAYLOR



ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

Traffic Engineering & Analysis

- Traffic signal has just two phases
 - Phase 1 – EB thru/rights, WB thru/rights
 - Phase 2 – EB lefts, WB lefts, NB rights, SB rights



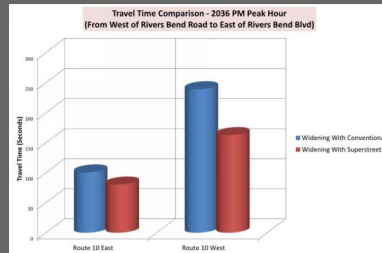
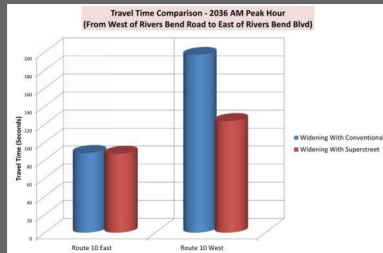
ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

Traffic Engineering & Analysis

- Travel Time Comparison in year 2036 – Superstreet vs. Conventional
 - Improves 37% on Route 10 (westbound)
 - Improves 20% on Route 10 (eastbound)





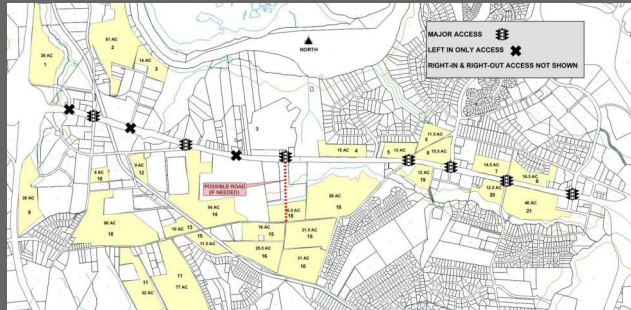
ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ Design Approach

- Access Management
 - Create corridor access plan
 - Consolidate entrances where feasible
 - Entrance spacing from intersection



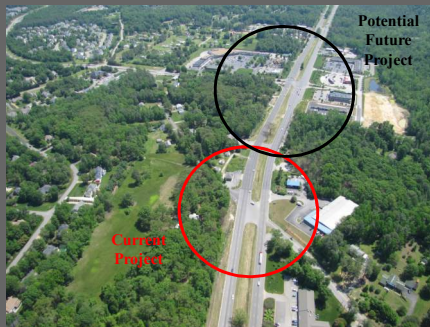
ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ Traffic Engineering & Analysis

- Corridor Expansion
 - Wide existing medians allow for future implementation
 - Potential future superstreet at Rivers Bend Blvd.





ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ Design Approach

- Unique Geometric Considerations
 - U-Turn placement
 - Design vehicle



ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ Design Approach

- Signing and Pavement Markings
 - Convey message to drivers
 - Varies from MUTCD standards





ROUTE 10
SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ *Flythrough Video*



- Aerial



ROUTE 10
SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ *Flythrough Video*



- Aerial
- Roadway Design



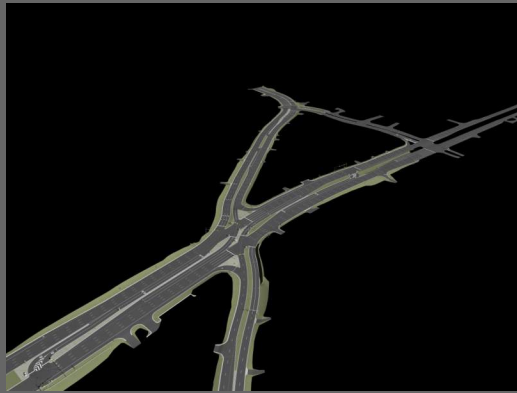


ROUTE 10
SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ *Flythrough Video*



- Aerial
- Roadway Design
- Modeling



ROUTE 10
SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ *Flythrough Video*



- Aerial
- Roadway Design
- Modeling





ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ *Flythrough Video*



- Aerial
- Roadway Design
- Modeling
- Traffic Simulation



ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Superstreet Design

↳ *Flythrough Video*



- Aerial
- Roadway Design
- Modeling
- Traffic Simulation
- Graphic Details
 - Real Vehicles
 - Real Trees
 - Buildings
- Flythrough Animation





ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Public Involvement

↳ *Our Approach*



Flythrough Video



Display Boards



VISSIM



Plan Review



ROUTE 10 SUPER STREET



Superstreet Project Status

- Estimated cost of \$51M
- Current funding is \$25M
- Spent 2 years evaluating options and performing preliminary engineering
- Consulted with Dr. Joseph Hummer, an international leader in unconventional intersection design
- Right-of-way acquisition will start this summer
- Should compete well in HB2 process



